

Multi-Pure

Drinking Water Systems

Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual

Multi-Pure CB Plus RO



Warning

Please read manual carefully before proceeding with installation. Your failure to follow any attached instructions or operating parameters may lead to the product's failure and possible damage to property.

Save Manual for future reference.



System Tested and certified by NSF International against NSF/ANSI Standards 42, 53, and 58 for the reduction of claims specified on performance data sheet.

Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems · 7251 Cathedral Rock Drive · Las Vegas, NV 89128
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Thank you for your purchase of a Multi-Pure Reverse Osmosis system. With proper installation and maintenance, this system will provide you with high quality water for years to come. All of Multi-Pure's water treatment products are rigorously tested by independent laboratories for safety and performance. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact our customer service department at 1-866-622-9373 or email info@multipureplus.com.

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Operational Parameters

Operating Temperatures:	Maximum 100°F (37.8°C)	Minimum 40°F (4.4°C)
Operating Pressure:	Maximum 100 psi (7.43 g/cm ²)	Minimum 40 psi (2.8 kg/cm ²)
pH Parameters:	Maximum 11	Minimum 3
Iron:	Maximum 0.2 ppm	
TDS (Total Dissolved Solids)	< 1800 ppm	
Turbidity:	<5NTU	
Hardness:	Recommended hardness not to exceed 10 grains per gallon, or 171 mg/L of hardness as CaCO ₃ . System will operate with hardness over 10 grains but the membrane life may be shortened. Addition of a water softener may lengthen the membrane life.	
Note:	The operating pressure in your home should be tested over a 24 hour period to attain the maximum pressure. If it is above 100 psi then a pressure regulator will be required.	
Note:	Reverse Osmosis water should not be run through copper tubing as the purity of the water will leach copper and cause an objectionable taste in water and cause pin holes to form in tubing. Be sure to follow any state or local regulations	

Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality, without adequate disinfection before or after the system. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.

Contents of Reverse Osmosis System

5 Stage RO System has:

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 Tank - White | 1 sediment filter |
| 1 RO Membrane - White | 2 pre-filters, 5 micron |
| 1 Parts Bag | 1 MP750 post filter |
| 1 Faucet Bag | 1 bracket |
| 1 Manual | 1 hand tool |
| 1 Nitrate/Nitrite test strip | |

If any of the items are missing, please contact Multi-Pure prior to installing.



Tools Recommended for Installation

- 1 1/4" Hole saw bit for faucet opening
- Round knock-out punch for Stainless Steel sinks, 1/2" and 1 1/4"
- Adjustable Wrench
- Sharp Knife
- 1/2" - 5/8" Open end wrenches
- Phillips screw driver
- Needle nose pliers - Adjustable Pliers
- Electric Drill
- 1/8", 1/4", 7/16" and 1" Drill bits



SEE PAGE 21 FOR AN INSTALLATION OVERVIEW AND PARTS LIST.

Drill a Hole for the Faucet in a Porcelain Sink

Note: Porcelain sink surface material is extremely hard and can crack or chip quite easily. Use extreme caution when drilling. Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems accepts no responsibility for consequential damage resulting from the installation of faucet.

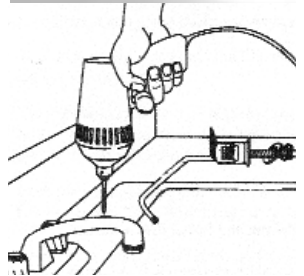
A dripping or gurgling sound may be heard coming from the Air Gap hole in the faucet when the system is running. This is normal and in compliance with UPC Plumbing Codes.

Most sinks are predrilled with 1 1/2" or 1 1/4" diameter holes (if you are already using it for a sprayer or soap dispenser, see step 1).

Step 1 Determine desired location for the faucet on your sink and place a piece of masking tape on location where hole is to be drilled. Mark the center of the hole on the tape.



Step 2 Using a variable speed drill on the lowest speed, drill a 1/8" Pilot hole through both porcelain and metal casing of sink at the center of the desired location. (If drill bit gets hot, it may cause the porcelain to crack or chip).



Step 3 Using a 1 1/4" hole saw, proceed to drill the large hole. Keep drill speed on the slowest speed and use lubricating oil or liquid soap to keep the hole saw cool during cutting.



Step 4 Make sure the surroundings of the sink are cooled before mounting the faucet to the sink after drilling. Remove all sharp edges with a file.



Punch a Hole for Faucet in a Stainless Steel Sink

NOTE: If mounting faucet to a Stainless Steel Sink, you will need a 1/2" and 1 1/4" Hole punch. The faucet opening should be centered between the back splash and the edge of the sink, ideally on the same side as the vertical drain pipe.

Step 5 Drill a 1/4" pilot hole. Use a 1/2" Hole punch and an adjustable wrench to punch the hole in the sink.

The faucet can now be installed.



Installing the Reverse Osmosis Faucet

NOTE: The Reverse Osmosis Models come with an air gap faucet. To install, you will need a 1/8", 7/16" and 1" drill bits. Proceed as follows:

Step 6 Follow the instructions for drilling a hole in your sink (Steps 1 through 5)

Step 7 Before mounting the faucet on your sink, insert the spout. Carefully remove the plastic packing tube from the hole in the faucet base (CAUTION: do not remove the faucet handle (operating lever)).

Step 8 With the operating lever in the "up" position, insert the spout. First wet the o-ring area of the spout and insert spout in the port in the faucet base from which the packing tube was removed. Push the spout straight down into the spout port until the o-rings are no longer visible.

Step 9 From the sink top, place the black, soft rubber washer and then the chrome/white cover plate over the faucet hole.

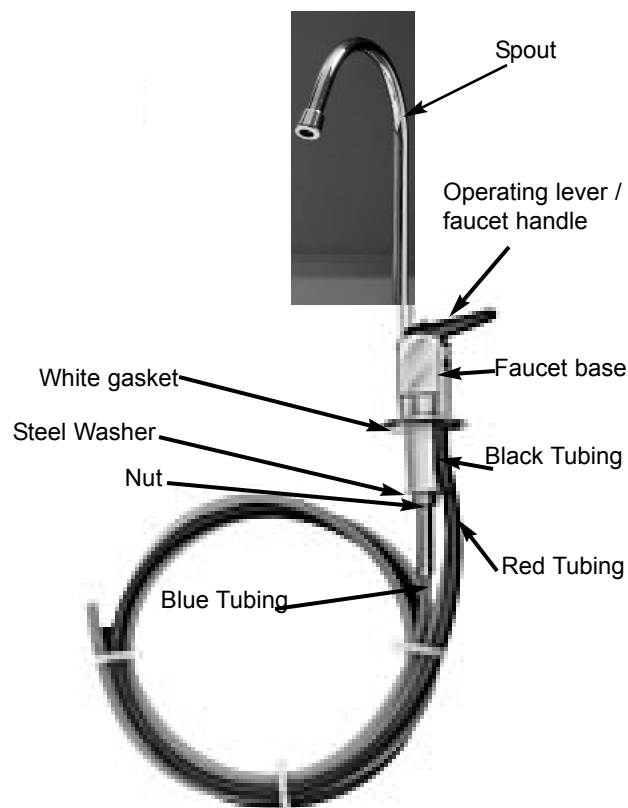
Step 10 Three tubes (red, black and blue) have been factory-installed on the faucet. Feed the tubing and faucet stud with white gasket attached through the cover plate, black washer and then the hole in the sink.

From under the sink, slide over the blue tubing and the faucet stud the steel washer and then the nut.

Step 11 Hand-tighten the nut to secure the faucet. Using vice grips, secure the nut and faucet below the sink.

From above the sink (CAUTION: protect the faucet base from scratching), using an 8" adjustable wrench, turn the faucet base clockwise until firm. Then remove the vice grips from below the sink.

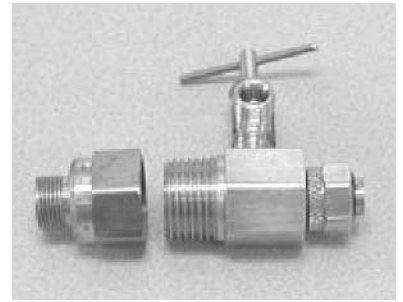
NOTE: A dripping or gurgling sound may be heard coming from the air gap hole on the faucet or the drain when the system is running. This is normal and in compliance with UPC (Universal Plumbing Code).



The faucet is now ready to be connected to the CBN/CBT Final Filter of your drinking water unit.

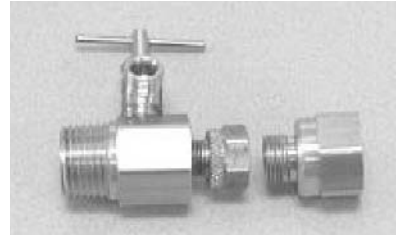
Adapta Valve Installation -- Item #23 on page 21

Step 12 Turn off the cold water supply to the faucet by turning the angle stop valve completely off.



3/8" configuration

Step 13 Attach adapta valve as illustrated in the three photos to the right, choosing the configuration (3/8" or 1/2") that fits your plumbing. (When attaching the adapta valve to straight pipe threads, use Teflon tape on the threads). The green tube from inlet side of RO module will be cut to length and attached later in the installation.



1/2" configuration

CAUTION: Water supply line to the system must be from the cold water supply line. Hot water will severely damage your system.



Reverse Osmosis Module Mounting

Step 14 Determine best location for the RO module to be mounted to allow for future system maintenance. The parts bag has 2 self tapping screws (#27). Using a phillips screwdriver, screw them into the cabinet wall 10 3/4" apart and 16" from the bottom of the cabinet.



NOTE: *Do not cut any tubing at this time.*



Drain Saddle Installation

- Step 15 Gather the pieces of the drain saddle (#30)
- 1 Black compression nut
 - 1 Semi-circle bracket with opening
 - 2 Screws
 - 1 Foam washer/gasket
 - 2 Nuts for screws
 - 1 Semi-circle bracket



- Step 16 The small square black foam gasket with a circle cut out of the middle must be applied to the inside of the drain saddle. Remove sticky tape backing and stick to the drain saddle as shown.

- Step 17 Drill a 1/4" hole through the drain pipe at least 1 1/2" above the nut of the P-trap to allow for the removal of the P-trap, if necessary. Assemble the drain saddle around the drain pipe. Position the drain saddle over the drilled hole in pipe. Insert screw driver into pipe. Using Phillips screw driver, tighten screws evenly and securely on both sides of the drain saddle. Attach black compression nut, but do not tighten at this time. The black tubing will be installed later.



CAUTION: Do not over tighten the screws. It may crack the drain saddle.

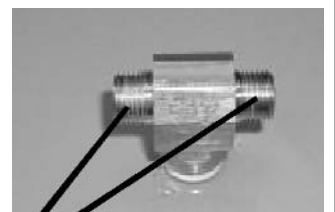
Tank Tee Installation - Item #21 on page 21

- Step 18 Teflon tape must be applied on the fitting on the top of the tank in a clockwise direction. Wrap (7 to 12 turns) around the male pipe threads (MPT) on the Stainless Steel fitting on top of the tank.



- Step 19 Thread the brass tee (#21) (supplied in the parts bag) onto the brass connection on the top of tank. Tighten using an adjustable wrench.

CAUTION: Do not teflon tape the compression fitting threads. If taped it will leak.



compression fittings

Tubing Connections

Note: Do not cut tubes until you get to those steps. Remove caps, if any, from tubes before cutting tubes. Use wire cutters or sharp knife to make straight square cut. Do not use scissors.

Blue Tube Connection

Step 23 Position tank in desired location. Stand it upright or lay it on its side (using the black plastic stand)(#31). Measure the blue tube **from the RO module** over to the tank and cut it to length.

Step 24 Remove brass nut (#17), plastic delrin sleeve (#18) and brass insert (#19) from the parts bag. Place nut on the tube first, then the delrin sleeve and then insert the brass insert into the end of the tube. (Small taper end of Delrin Sleeve must point to the end of the tube.)

Step 25 Push blue tube into the opening on the brass tee until it stops. Slide brass nut and plastic delrin sleeve down until you can thread nut onto the tee. Use wrench to securely tighten the nut.



Black Tube Connection

NOTE: The tubing must be as **SHORT and STRAIGHT** as possible, making a downward slope from the faucet to drain saddle to allow for proper drainage.

Step 26 Measure the black tube from **faucet** to the black drain saddle and make a straight cut with a sharp knife through tube. **Do not use scissors.**

Step 27 Remove black plastic nut from drain saddle. Slip black tube through black nut. Insert black tube into the opening in the drain saddle and tighten the black nut securely.

NOTE: This is a gravity fed line, if there is any bend in the tube, the rinse water will not flow into the drain properly. Water will back up and come out the air gap hole in the back of the faucet base.



Red Tube Connection

Step 28 Using the white plastic union (#16) in the parts bag, determine where the red tubing from the faucet and the black tubing from the RO membrane housing would join together comfortably. Using a knife, cut the tubes leaving a straight cut on both tubes. Insert the red tube in one end of the white plastic union and the black tube in the other end. Use a 5/8" wrench to tighten both of the white plastic nuts securely.



Green Tube Connection

The Green Tube Connection instructions follow the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Installation instructions.

CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter Installation - Item #1 on page 21

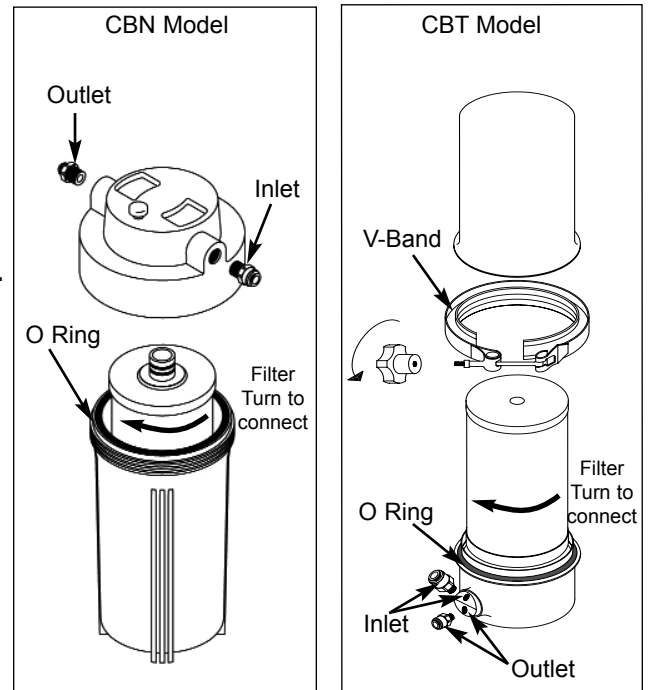
The filter cartridge is shipped outside the unit housing to protect your filter cartridge and housing from damage during shipping. Be sure to insert the filter cartridge into the Final Filter housing before installing it. Complete, detailed instructions are provided with the filter cartridge.

- Step 29 Gather the parts needed to install the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter:
- 1 housing
 - 1 CBTVOC/CBN filter
 - 2 1/4" male connectors

- Step 30a Connect one 1/4" male connector to the OUTLET opening on the unit housing by turning clockwise. Tighten by hand and then give one to two extra turns with a wrench.

- 30b Connect the second 1/4" male connector to the INLET opening on the unit housing by turning clockwise. Tighten by hand and then give one to two extra turns with a wrench.

- Step 31 Remove plastic wrapper and instruction wrapper from the filter cartridge. With the Final Filter housing in an upright position, open the unit.



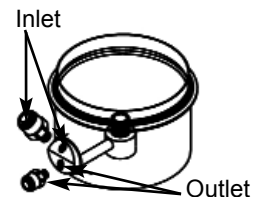
- Step 32a Separate the unit, leaving the black O-ring in place.

- 32b Install the filter cartridge into the housing top by turning the cartridge as per the instructions on the filter wrapper. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN.

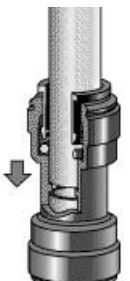
- 32c Connect the housing top with bottom. On CBT models, be sure that the Locking V-Band is fastened tightly by checking it to be sure that it is secured evenly around the housing top and bottom, and hand-tighten the black knob until it is as tight as possible.

- Step 33 -- Insert the blue tubing **from the faucet** into the 1/4" **outlet** connector insert into the small hole in the connector as far as it will go. Note: First, confirm that the tubing has a straight square cut.

- 33a The tubing must be fully inserted in the connector fitting; it is recommended that you measure and mark the end of the tubing that you are inserting in the fitting to assure that it is inserted as far as it will go. The 1/4" tubing should be inserted about 5/8".



- 33b Push the tubing through the small hole in the connector until you feel resistance. At this point, the tubing is not fully inserted. Then push firmly until the tubing is inserted as far as it will go. See measurements above.

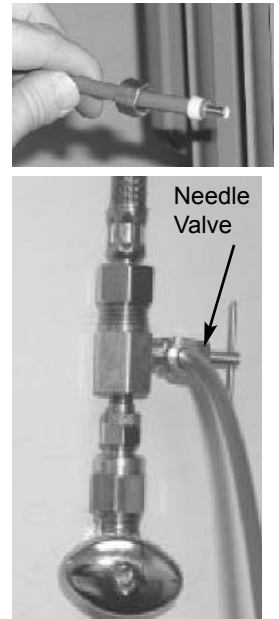


CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Installation - continued

- Step 34a To connect the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter to the Tank, use about 12" TO 18" of the 1/4" clear tubing. (Retain the remaining clear tubing to use for flushing the filter cartridge when you replace it.) Make sure that both ends are cut straight.
- 34b Insert one end of the clear tube into the 1/4" **inlet** connector as far as it will go. The tubing must be fully inserted in the connector. Push the tubing through the small hole in the connector until you feel resistance. At this point, the tubing is not fully inserted. Then push firmly until the tubing is inserted as far as it will go. See measurements above.

Flush the Final Filter -- BEFORE connecting the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter to the Tank, FLUSH the carbon block filter, as follows (steps 35 - 36g):

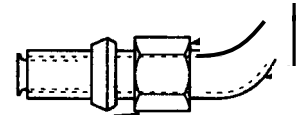
- Step 35 Connect the other end of the clear tubing to the adapta valve (installed at steps 12 and 13).
- 35a Remove a brass nut (#17), plastic Delrin sleeve (#18), and brass insert (#19) from the parts bag. Place nut on the clear tube first, then the Delrin sleeve (taper end must point to the end of the tube) and then insert the brass insert into the end of the tube.
- 35b Insert the clear tube into the 1/4" opening at the needle valve on the adapta valve until it stops.
- 35c Slide the nut and Delrin sleeve down and thread onto the male pipe threads. Use a 1/2" wrench to secure tightly -- but not too tight because you will be removing the clear tube after the filter is flushed.
- Step 36a To flush the Final Filter, turn on cold water supply by turning the handle on the shut-off valve and/or adapta valve / needle valve.
- 36b Then open the RO faucet by lifting the operating lever (handle) and lock in the up position.
- 36c Allow water to flow through the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter for about 5 minutes so that all air can escape.
- 36d Close the RO faucet and check for leaks.
- Check the V-Band to confirm that it is secured evenly around the housing top and bottom.
- Hand-tighten the black knob on the V-Band until it is as tight as possible
- 36e Allow water to again run through the unit to waste for approximately 20 minutes to charge the carbon and flush out loose carbon particles.
- 36f Shut off the water.
- 36g Disconnect the clear tube from the adapta valve/needle valve.



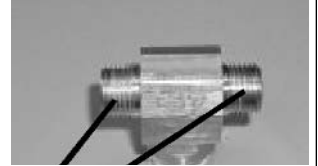
NOW YOU ARE READY TO CONNECT THE FINAL FILTER TO THE TANK.

CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Installation - Connecting to the Tank

Step 37a Insert the end of the clear tube used to flush the filter to the Tank. First, confirm that the brass nut, plastic Delrin sleeve and brass insert are still connected to the clear tubing (taper end of sleeve must point to the end of the tube and the brass insert is fully inserted into the end of the tube).



37b Insert the clear tube into the 1/4" opening on the brass tee on the Tank until it stops. Slide the brass nut and plastic Delrin sleeve down until you can thread the nut onto the tee. Use wrench to securely tighten the nut.



Insert tube into the **outlet** opening on tee. Slide nut and sleeve down onto the tee.

Green Tube Connection

Step 20 Drape the green tube connected to the 90° Inlet white plastic elbow on the left side of the Reverse Osmosis Module (Item # 15 on overview diagram on page 21) over to the adapta valve attached to the Angle Stop Valve, leaving a gentle curve in the tubing. Cut to desired length using a sharp knife.



Step 21 Remove a brass nut (#17), plastic delrin sleeve (#18), and brass insert (#19) from the parts bag. Place nut on the tube first, then the Delrin sleeve and then insert the brass Insert into the end of the tube. (Small taper end of Delrin Sleeve must point to the end of the tube.)

Step 22 Insert the green tube into the 1/4" opening at needle valve on the adapta valve until it stops. Slide nut and sleeve down and thread onto the male pipe threads. Use a 1/2" wrench to securely tighten.



Start-Up Instructions

NOTE: If your system is hooked up to an Ice Maker, turn Ice Maker off until tank has filled, then flushed and refilled before allowing water to flow to Ice Maker. The system should have a ball valve installed before the Ice Maker so it can be closed to prevent water flowing to the Ice Maker. Your tank must be allowed to fill up in order for the unit to shut off. (If you are installing an Ice Maker kit, tee off after the final filter).

- Step 1 To flush the prefilters, do the following.
- 1a Disconnect the Green tube that runs from the 3rd stage filter housing (Item #15 on diagram on page 21). to the Automatic shut-off valve (Item #12 on diagram). Use a 5/8" wrench to loosen nut on shut-off valve. Place the green tube in a bucket. (Disconnect the shut off valve.)
 - 1b To flush the prefilters, turn on cold water supply at adapta valve / needle valve and allow water to flow into the bucket to flush out all carbon particles from the filters. Allow water to run until it is clear.
 - 1c Then turn off the incoming water supply, and re-attach the green tube to the Automatic shut-off valve. Using a 5/8" wrench tighten black nut securely.
- Step 2 Turn on the incoming cold water. Check the system for leaks and tighten any fitting as necessary. (Check over the next 24 hours to ensure no leaks are present).
- Step 3 Open the RO faucet and leave open until after water begins to trickle out. It will come out slowly. Then close the RO faucet.
- Step 4 The tank will take between 4 to 6 hours to fill completely, depending on the size of the membrane, local water temperature and pressure. After the Tank has filled, open the RO faucet to completely flush the Tank as well as flush any remaining carbon particles from the final filter. There is an average of 5 gallons of reject water for every 1 gallon of filtered water produced.
- Step 5 Then fill the RO tank again. Now you may use your RO system for all of your drinking water needs.
- Step 6 Inspect the reverse osmosis system periodically to ensure the unit is functioning properly.

6 Month System Maintenance

For filters or replacement parts, contact Multi-Pure Corporation at 866-622-9372 or at www.multipureplus.com

Items Needed

- 1 Ten inch sediment filter (CBC110)
- 2 Ten inch carbon prefilters (CBC112)
- 1 Bucket to catch water from filter housings
- 1 Hand tool shipped with the system or wrench to loosen filter housings.

NOTE: Keep RO Module in an upright position while replacing housing bottom in order to keep O-rings properly seated.

Step 1 Turn off incoming water supply to the RO at needle valve on adapta valve.

Step 2 Open RO Faucet to allow the water to drain from the tank until completely empty. Water can be saved in a container for drinking or to rinse system parts.

Step 3 Let system sit for 10-15 minutes after tank is empty to de-pressurize before attempting to remove filter housings.

Step 4 For more leverage, leave RO module attached to wall of cabinet. If you are unable to access the module, you may remove it to change filters. Starting with the closest housing remove the housing bottom, using the hand tool to loosen, and empty water, then discard filters. Continue on to the 2nd and 3rd housings.

Step 5 Clean all filter housings with a mild soap solution and rinse with water. Check O-rings and lubricate with water soluble lubricant. Water based lubricants can be used, but petroleum based lubricants (such as Vaseline) must not be used.

Step 6 The sediment filter has a cloth-like appearance. It must be in the FIRST housing on the left (where the water inlet connects).

Step 7 Carbon block prefilters have a mesh covering and a white rubber gasket on each end. Insert the carbon prefilter with gasket facing up. Be sure to seat the black O-ring properly in the housing bottom.

Step 8 Repeat this step for the third housing.

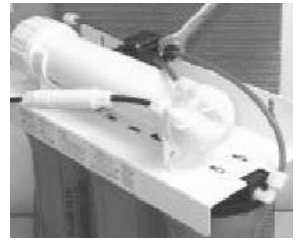
Step 9 Discard used filters in your normal refuse.



6 Month System Maintenance - continued

IMPORTANT: Follow steps 9, 10 and 11 to flush carbon particles from prefilters so as not to clog the flow restrictor which could then foul the membrane.

Step 9 After changing pre-filters, disconnect the green tube at the Automatic Shut-off valve (Item #12 on diagram), using a 5/8" wrench to loosen nut.



Step 10 Hold green tube over a bucket. Turn on incoming water at adapt valve (Item #23 on diagram) and flush out all carbon particles from the carbon prefilters. As soon as the water runs clear, turn off the incoming water and re-attach green tube to the Automatic shut-off valve. Using a 5/8" wrench, tighten black nut securely.



Step 11 Turn on the incoming cold water. Check the system for leaks and tighten any fitting as necessary. (Check over the next 24 hours to ensure no leaks are present).

Step 12 Open the RO faucet and leave open until after water begins to trickle out. It will come out slowly. Then close the RO faucet.

Step 13 The tank will take between 4 to 6 hours to fill completely, depending on the size of the membrane, local water temperature and pressure. After the Tank has filled, open the RO faucet to completely flush the Tank as well as flush any remaining carbon particles from the final filter. There is an average of 5 gallons of reject water for every 1 gallon of filtered water produced.

Step 14 Then fill the RO tank again. Now you may use your RO system for all of your drinking water needs.

Inspect the reverse osmosis system periodically to ensure the unit is functioning properly.

Nitrate/Nitrite Testing

The RO system is acceptable for treatment of influent concentrations of no more than 27 mg/L nitrate and 3 mg/L nitrite in combination measured as N and is certified for nitrate/nitrite reduction only for water supplies with a pressure of 280 kPa (40 psig) or greater.

It is recommended that user's water be sampled and tested for nitrate/nitrite at least once a year to confirm that the RO system is performing its function.

Included in this shipment is a nitrate/nitrite test strip. Within one year of installation of the RO System you should test your water. Just dip the strip in the treated water, following the instructions included with the test strip.

If the levels of nitrate or nitrite exceed the influent concentrations shown above, the RO membrane should be replaced.

Annual Maintenance

For filters or replacement parts, contact Multi-Pure Corporation at 866-622-9372 or at www.multipureplus.com

- Step 1 Perform 6 month system maintenance (previous section). Ensure the system is depressurized before opening the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter housing.
- Step 2 The CBTVOC/CBN filter (used in the CBT/CBN Final Filter) should be replaced annually. See replacement filter wrap for additional instructions on replacing the CBN/CBT-VOC carbon block filter in the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter unit. Remove plastic wrapper and instruction wrapper from the filter cartridge. With the Final Filter housing in an upright position, open the unit by unscrewing the knob on the Locking V-Band. Spread it apart and remove the Locking V-Band.
- Step 3 Separate the unit, leaving the black O-ring in place.
- Step 4 Remove the used filter and discard it in your normal refuse.
- Step 5 Clean and rinse out the stainless steel housing.
- Step 6 Screw the new filter cartridge into the housing top by turning the cartridge until firm. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN.
- Step 7 Connect the housing top with bottom and replace Locking V-Band; replace black knob and turn until tight. Be sure that the Locking V-Band is fastened tightly by checking it to be sure that it is secured evenly around the housing top and bottom, and hand-tighten the black knob until it is as tight as possible.

Flush the carbon block filter, as follows:

- Step 8 Disconnect the green tube to needle valve on the adapta valve (Item 23 on diagram). Use a 1/2" wrench to loosen nut on needle valve. Place the green tube in a container to catch any water that is in the tube. You will reconnect the green tube after the Final Filter is flushed.
- Step 9 Disconnect the clear tubing between the housing INLET and the Tank -- disconnect at the Tank (Item 21 on the diagram on page 21), using a wrench to loosen the nut.
- Step 10a Connect the end of the clear tubing that you disconnected from the Tank to the needle valve on the adapta valve (Item 23 on the diagram on page 21). (See CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter Installation on pages 9-11 for additional information.)
- 10b Insert the clear tube into the 1/4" opening at the needle valve on the adapta valve until it stops.
- 10c Slide the nut and Delrin sleeve down and thread onto the male pipe threads. Use a 1/2" wrench to secure tightly -- but not too tight because you will be removing the clear tube after the filter is flushed.

Annual Maintenance - continued

- Step 11a To flush the Final Filter, turn on cold water supply by turning the handle on the shut-off valve and/or adapta valve / needle valve.
- 11b Then open the RO faucet by lifting the operating lever (handle) and lock in the up position.
- 11c Allow water to flow through the CBT-VOC-SI/CB1100PI Final Filter for about 5 minutes so that all air can escape.
- 11d Close the RO faucet and check for leaks.
- Check the V-Band to confirm that it is secured evenly around the housing top and bottom.
- Hand-tighten the black knob on the V-Band until it is as tight as possible
- Step 12 Allow water to again run through the unit to waste for approximately 20 minutes to charge the carbon and flush out loose carbon particles.
- Step 13 Shut off the water at the needle valve / adapta valve. Depressurize and then close the RO faucet
- Step 14 Disconnect the clear tube from the adapta valve/needle valve.

NOW RECONNECT THE FINAL FILTER TO THE TANK.

- Step 15 Insert the end of the clear tube used to flush the filter to the Tank. First, confirm that the brass nut, plastic Delrin sleeve and brass insert are still connected to the clear tubing (taper end of sleeve must point to the end of the tube and the brass insert is fully inserted into the end of the tube).
- Step 16 Insert the clear tube into the 1/4" opening on the brass tee on the Tank until it stops. Slide the brass nut and plastic Delrin sleeve down until you can thread the nut onto the tee. Use wrench to securely tighten the nut.

RECONNECT THE GREEN TUBING TO THE ADAPTA VALVE.

- Step 17 Insert the green tube into the 1/4" opening at the needle valve on the adapta valve until it stops. Slide nut and sleeve down and thread onto the male pipe threads. Use a 1/2" wrench to securely tighten.

RESTART SYSTEM.

- Step 18 Turn on the incoming cold water. Check the system for leaks and tighten any fittings as necessary. (Check over the next 24 hours to ensure no leaks are present).
- Step 19 Open the RO faucet and leave open until after water begins to trickle out. It will come out slowly. Then close the RO faucet.
- Step 20 The tank will take between 4 to 6 hours to fill completely, depending on the size of the membrane, local water temperature and pressure. After the Tank has filled, open the RO faucet to completely flush the Tank as well as flush any remaining carbon particles from the final filter. There is an average of 5 gallons of reject water for every 1 gallon of filtered water produced.
- Step 21 Then fill the RO tank again. Now you may continue using your RO system for all of your drinking water needs.

Inspect the reverse osmosis system periodically to ensure the unit is functioning properly.

Membrane Maintenance

Membranes have a life expectancy of between 2 and 3 years, depending on the incoming water conditions and the amount of water processed through the RO membrane.

Normally, a membrane would be replaced during a semi-annual or annual filter change. However, if at any time you notice a reduction in water production or an unpleasant taste in the reverse osmosis water, it could be time to replace the membrane.

Step 1 To change the membrane, use a 5/8" wrench to remove the Green tube on the left side of the membrane housing (the end with only one elbow).



Step 2 Remove the cap from the white horizontal membrane housing. Use the hand tool shipped with the unit to loosen. Turn cap counter-clockwise to loosen.

Step 3 Using a pair of pliers, grip and pull firmly on the membrane to remove from the housing and discard in your normal refuse.



Step 4 Unwrap new membrane and lubricate the o-rings with water soluble lubrication before inserting into housing. Insert end with the two black O-rings into the membrane housing.



Step 5 Once membrane has been inserted into the housing, you must take your thumbs and give a firm push to properly seat the membrane. Replace membrane housing cap and tighten. Use the hand tool to tighten, but do not OVERTIGHTEN.

NOTE: To be properly seated, the tip of the membrane must be below the housing edge.

Step 6 After replacing membrane housing into clips, attach the green tube to the elbow on cap using a 5/8" wrench.

Step 7 The flow restrictor must be changed each time you change the membrane. Replace the existing flow restrictor with the new one by removing the white compression nuts. Be sure to orientate the flow with the arrow pointing toward the faucet.

Step 8 Follow Start Up instructions to restart your system.

Maintenance - Check Air Pressure in the Tank

NOTE: Check air pressure when tank is empty

Step 1 Using a digital air gauge, check the air pressure in the tank. You should always have between 5-7 psi. If you have more than 7 psi, release air and recheck. If you have less than 5 psi, add air, air can be added with a bicycle pump.

Step 2 Your unit comes with a stand for your storage tank to sit on if you need to turn the unit on its side.

Step 3 This allows for air flow under tank keeping moisture and standing water from rusting on the bottom of your tank which would void your warranty.



Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTIONS
1. Low/Slow Production	<p>Low water pressure</p> <p>Crimps in tubing</p> <p>Clogged pre-filters</p> <p>Fouled membrane</p>	<p>Assure a minimum of 40 psi incoming water pressure. Make sure water supply is turned on and Adapta valve is all the way open</p> <p>check tubing and straighten or repair as necessary</p> <p>replace pre-filters</p> <p>replace membrane and flow restrictor.</p>
2. Milky colored water	Air in System	Air in the system is a normal occurrence with initial start up of the RO system. This milky look will disappear during normal use within 1-2 weeks. If condition reoccurs after filter changes, drain tank 1 to 2 times.
3. Water constantly running/ unit will not shut off	<p>Low water pressure</p> <p>Crimp in supply tube</p> <p>High water pressure</p> <p>High pressure in</p>	<p>See #1 above</p> <p>Check tubing and straighten or repair.</p> <p>Check incoming water pressure to make sure it does not exceed 100 psi. A pressure relief valve may be necessary.</p> <p>Empty storage tank of water. Set tank air pressure to 5 psi. See previous page.</p>
4. Noise from faucet or drain	<p>Air gap faucet</p> <p>Location of drain saddle</p> <p>Restriction in drain tube</p> <p>High water pressure</p>	<p>Inherent sound with air-gap faucets</p> <p>See diagram for proper location of drain saddle.</p> <p>Clear blockage sometimes caused by debris from garbage disposal or dishwasher.</p> <p>Pressure regulator required if pressure exceeds 100 psi</p>
5. Faucet leaks	<p>Crimp in drain line</p> <p>Restriction in drain line</p> <p>Drain tube clogged</p>	<p>Check tubing.</p> <p>Straighten all drain lines. Clear blockage. Cut off any excess tubing.</p> <p>Caused from dishwasher or garbage disposal. Disconnect the 3/8" black line at the drain, clean the 3/8" black line out with a wire, then reconnect. Blowing air through the line will not always remove the clog.</p>
6. Small amount of water in storage tank	<p>System just starting up</p> <p>Low water pressure</p> <p>Excessive air in tank bladder</p>	<p>Normally it takes 4-6 hours to fill tank. Note: low pressure and/or temperature can drastically reduce production rate.</p> <p>See # 1 above</p> <p>Tank pressure is set at the factory and should be 5 psi when empty. Add if below 5 psi and bleed if above 5 psi. Check only when tank is empty. See previous page.</p>
7. Water leaks from the white filter housing	<p>Not properly tightened</p> <p>Kinked O-ring</p>	<p>Tighten the housing</p> <p>Turn off the water supply and release the pressure. Replace the O-ring if necessary. Then lubricate it and make sure the O-ring is seated in the filter housing properly before reinstalling the filter housing.</p>

Product Guarantee and Warranty

Multi-Pure 30-Day Guarantee: Multi-Pure demonstrates its confidence in the performance of its Drinking Water Systems by offering its 30 day money-back guarantee. If you should find the Drinking Water System unsatisfactory, let us know within thirty days of purchase, and we will promptly exchange it or refund your money.

Multi-Pure Warranty: Multi-Pure Corporation warrants to the original retail customer its Reverse Osmosis Drinking Water Systems and components to be free of defects in material and workmanship for use under normal care, and will repair or replace any System at no charge (excluding transportation to Multi-Pure headquarters) to the customer during the warranty period. The stainless steel housing is warranted for a period of twenty-five (25) years; the plastic housings are warranted for 3 years. All exterior hoses and attachments to the System are also warranted for defects in material and workmanship for one year.

Multi-Pure Filters and RO membrane are warranted for defects in material and workmanship for use under normal care. The life of the filter cartridges depends upon the amount of impurities in the water to be processed. For optimum performance, it is essential that the filter cartridges and membrane be replaced as specified herein or when they have processed the listed capacity, whichever comes first.

Limitations and Exclusions

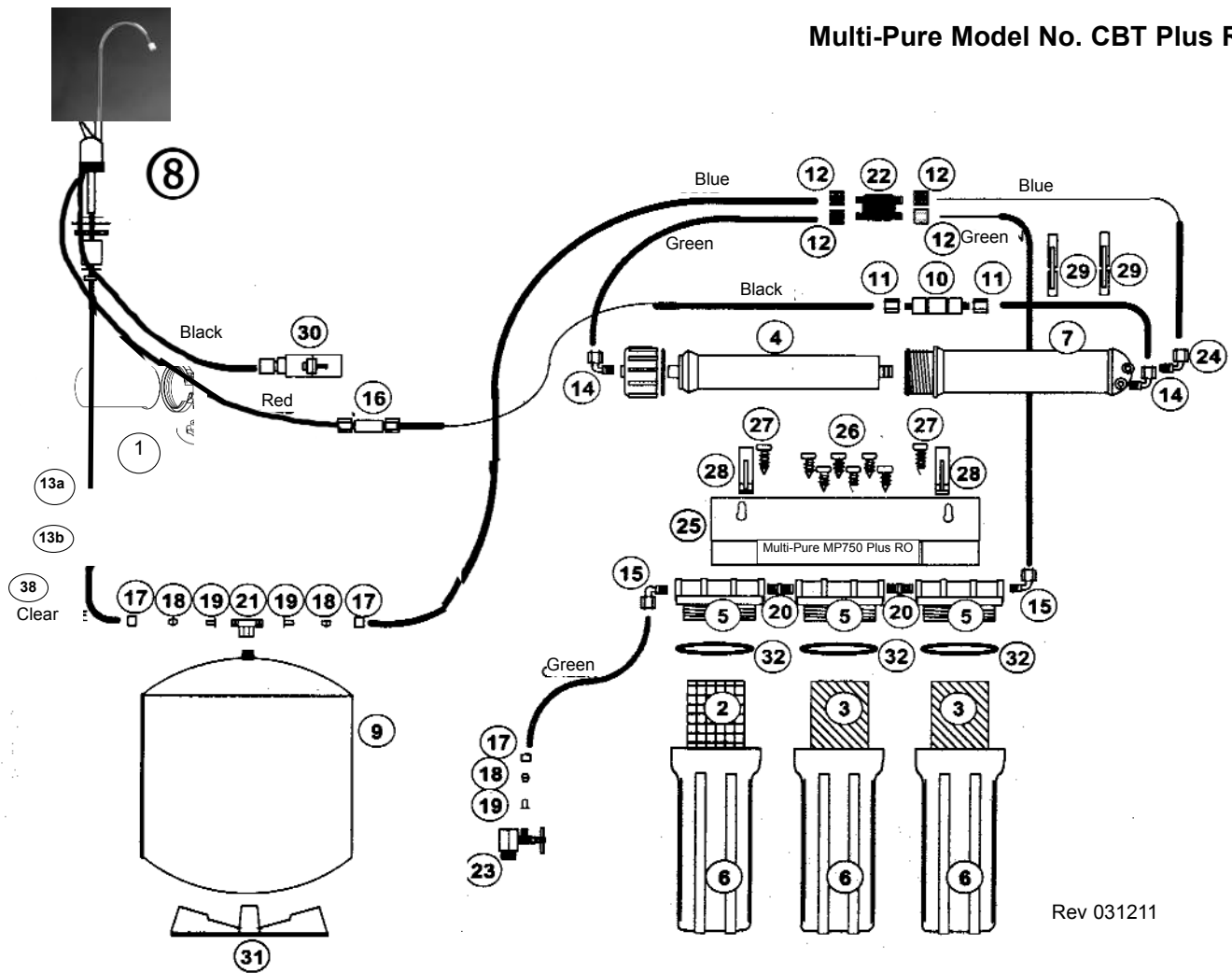
Except as otherwise expressly provided above, Multi-Pure Corporation makes no warranties, express or implied, arising by law or otherwise, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, to any person. This limited warranty may not be altered, varied or extended except by a written instrument executed by Multi-Pure Corporation. The remedy of repair or replacement as provided under this limited warranty is exclusive. In no event shall Multi-Pure Corporation be liable for any consequential or incidental damages to any person whether occasioned by negligence of the manufacturer, including without limitation damages of loss of use, cost of substitution, property damage, or other monetary loss.

Warranty is valid only if Drinking Water System is operated within conditions listed herein.

What this warranty does not cover: This warranty does not cover defects resulting from improper installation, (contrary to Multi-Pure's written instructions), from abuse, misuse, misapplication, improper maintenance, neglect, alteration accidents, casualties, fire, flood, freezing, environmental factors, water pressure spikes or other such acts of God.

This warranty will be void if defects occur due to failure to observe the following conditions:

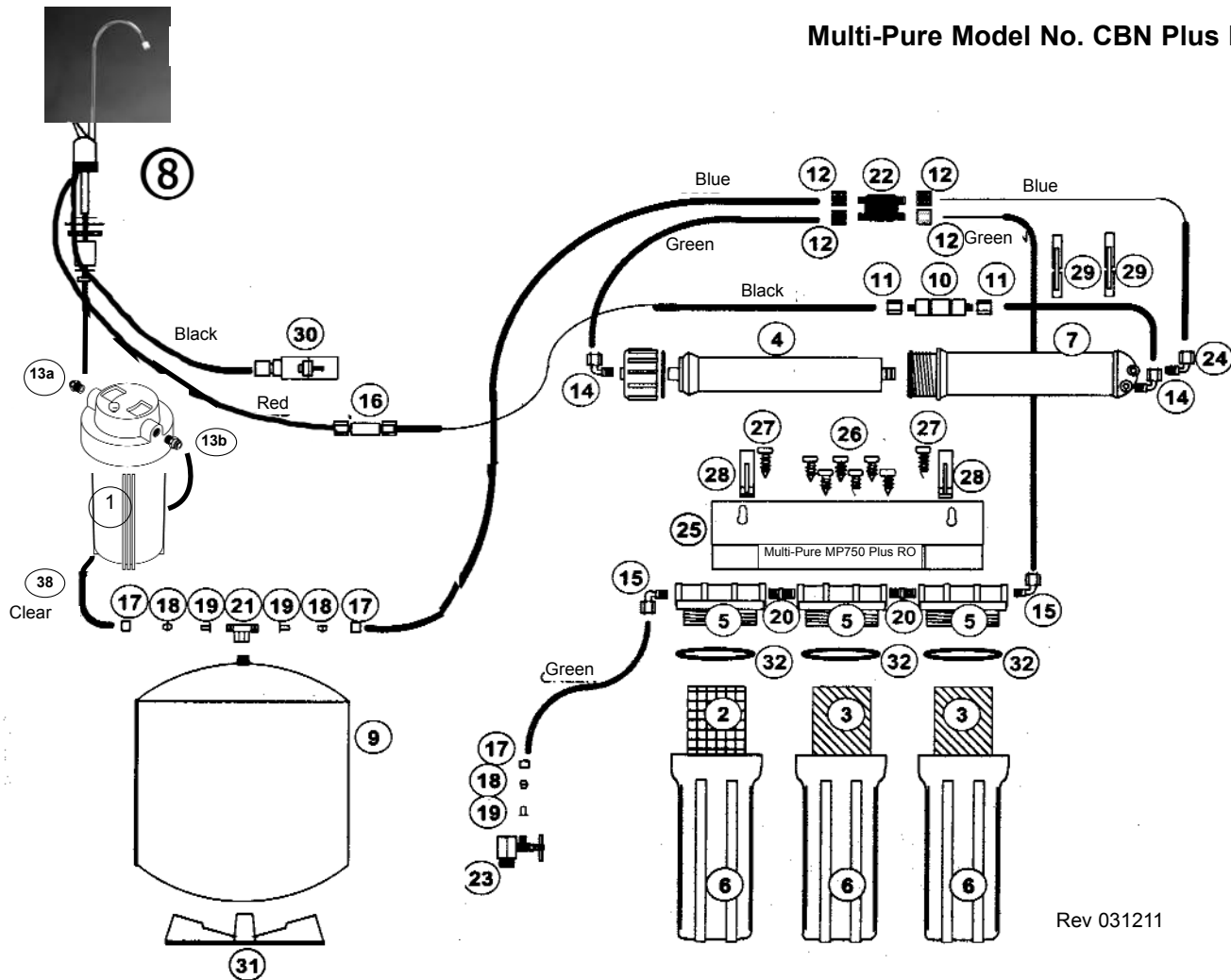
1. The Reverse Osmosis System must be hooked up to a potable municipal or well cold water supply.
2. The hardness of the water should not exceed 10 grains per gallon, or 171 mg/l.
3. Maximum incoming iron must be less than 0.2 ppm.
4. The pH of the water must not be lower than 3 or higher than 11.
5. The incoming water pressure must be between 40 and 100 pounds per square inch.
6. Incoming water to the RO cannot exceed 100 degrees F (40 degrees C).
7. Incoming TDS (Total Dissolved Solids) not to exceed 1800 ppm.
8. Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality or without adequate disinfection before or after the system. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.



Rev 031211

The reverse osmosis system contains a replaceable treatment component (Item #4), critical for the effective reduction of total dissolved solids. The product water should be tested periodically to verify that the system is performing properly.

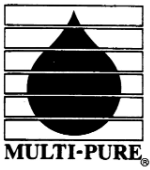
Item#	Part #	Description	Item#	Part #	Description
1	CBT-VOC-SI/ CB1100PI	Final Filter Carbon Block Submicron	20	MC171	Hex nipple 1/4" brass
	CBTVOC/CBN	Replacement Cartridge	21	MC938	Tank tee, 1/4" x 1/4" x 1/4" brass
2	CBC110	Sediment pre-filter	22	MC939B	Valve shut off 1/4"
3	CBC112	Carbon Block 5 micron pre-filter	23	MC930	Adapta/Needle valve, 1/4 x 1/8" - pipe adapter attached
4	CB-ROM	RO Membrane	24	MC935W	Elbow, 1/4 x 1/8" - white
5	MCL10	Housing Lid - 1/4" white	25	MC933	Bracket, (4SV)
6	MCB10	Housing Bottom 10" white	26	MC221	Screw, wood
7	MC950	Membrane Housing vessel - includes o'ring	27	MC941	Bracket screw, 1" - self tapping
8	MC3R03LRW	RO Faucet, tubing attached, white	28	MC940	Membrane clip
9	MC246W	RO tank - 3 gallon - white	29	n/a	omitted intentionally
10	900-04-250	Flow restrictor 250 ML	30	MC942	Drain saddle 3/8"
11	MC931W	Nut, 1/4" white	31	MC946	Tank stand
12	MC932B	Nut, 1/4" black	32	MC943	O'ring for Housing #6
13a	MC720	Outlet Connector 1/4"	33	n/a	omitted intentionally
13b	MC720	Inlet Connector 1/4"	34	MC239	Green Tubing
14	MC935W	Elbow, 1/4 x 1/8" - white	35	MC236	Black Tubing
15	MC936W	Elbow, 1/4 x 1/4" - white	36	MC237	Blue Tubing
16	MC937W	Union, 1/4 x 1/4"	37	MC238	Red Tubing
17	MC131	Nut, 1/4" brass	38	MC299	Clear Tubing
18	MC142	Delrin sleeve 1/4"	39	MC006	Hand tool for RO module and pre- filters (not shown)
19	MC210	Insert, 1/4" brass	40	D452	Nitrate/Nitrite test strip (not shown)



Rev 031211

The reverse osmosis system contains a replaceable treatment component (Item #4), critical for the effective reduction of total dissolved solids. The product water should be tested periodically to verify that the system is performing properly.

Item#	Part #	Description	Item#	Part #	Description
1	CBT-VOC-SI/ CB1100PI	Final Filter Carbon Block Submicron	20	MC171	Hex nipple 1/4" brass
	CBTVOC/CBN	Replacement Cartridge	21	MC938	Tank tee, 1/4" x 1/4" x 1/4" brass
2	CBC110	Sediment pre-filter	22	MC939B	Valve shut off 1/4"
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4	CB-ROM	RO Membrane	24	MC935W	Elbow, 1/4 x 1/8" - white
5	MCL10	Housing Lid - 1/4" white	25	MC933	Bracket, (4SV)
6	MCB10	Housing Bottom 10" white	26	MC221	Screw, wood
7	MC950	Membrane Housing vessel - includes o'ring	27	MC941	Bracket screw, 1" - self tapping
8	MC3R03LRW	RO Faucet, tubing attached, white	28	MC940	Membrane clip
9	MC246W	RO tank - 3 gallon - white	29	n/a	omitted intentionally
10	900-04-250	Flow restrictor 250 ML	30	MC942	Drain saddle 3/8"
11	MC931W	Nut, 1/4" white	31	MC946	Tank stand
12	MC932B	Nut, 1/4" black	32	MC943	O'ring for Housing #6
13a	MC744	Outlet Connector 1/4"	33	n/a	omitted intentionally
13b	MC744	Inlet Connector 1/4"	34	MC239	Green Tubing
14	MC935W	Elbow, 1/4 x 1/8" - white	35	MC236	Black Tubing
15	MC936W	Elbow, 1/4 x 1/4" - white	36	MC237	Blue Tubing
16	MC937W	Union, 1/4 x 1/4"	37	MC238	Red Tubing
17	MC131	Nut, 1/4" brass	38	MC299	Clear Tubing
18	MC142	Delrin sleeve 1/4"	39	MC005	Hand tool for prefilters (not shown)
19	MC210	Insert, 1/4" brass	39	MC006	Hand tool for RO module and pre- filters (not shown)
			40	D452	Nitrate/Nitrite test strip (not shown)



Performance Data Sheet

Multi-Pure Model No. CB Plus RO Drinking Water Systems have been tested and certified under NSF Standard No. 53 as shown below. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system, as specified in NSF/ANSI 53, Health Effects.



Substance	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
ALACHLOR*	>98%	0.05	0.001
ARSENIC (pentavalent As (V); As (+5); arsenate @ 6.5 pH)	>99.9%	0.050 +/- 10%	0.010
ARSENIC (pentavalent As (V); As (+5); arsenate @ 8.5 pH)	>95.8%	0.050 +/- 10%	0.010
ASBESTOS	>99.9%	10 ⁷ to 10 ⁸ fibers/L; fibers greater than 10 micrometers in length	99% reduction requirement
ATRAZINE*	>97%	0.1	0.003
BENZENE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.3	0.015
BROMOFORM (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.3	0.015
CARBOFURAN (Furadan)*	>99%	0.19	0.001
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE*	98%	0.078	0.0018
CHLORDANE	>99.5%	0.04 +/-10%	0.002
CHLOROBENZENE (Monochlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
CHLOROPICRIN*	99%	0.015	0.0002
CHLOROFORM (TTHM)* (surrogate chemical)	>99.8%	0.45 +/- 20%	0.080
Cryptosporidium (CYST)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
CYST (Giardia; Cryptosporidium; Entamoeba; Toxoplasma)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
2, 4-D*	98%	0.11	0.00017
DBCP (see Dibromochloropropane)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
1,2-DCA (see 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DCE (see 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE (TTHM; Chlorodibromomethane)*	>99.8%	0.300	0.015
DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANE (DBCP)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
o-DICHLOROBENZENE (1,2 Dichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
p-DICHLOROBENZENE (para-Dichlorobenzene)*	>98%	0.04	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE (1,2-DCA)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE (1,1-DCE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.17	0.0005
TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.086	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE (Propylene Dichloride)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
CIS-1,3- DICHLOROPROPYLENE*	>99%	0.079	0.001
DINOSEB*	99%	0.17	0.0002
EDB (see ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002
ENDRIN*	99%	0.053	0.00059
Entamoeba (see CYSTS)	99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
ETHYLBENZENE*	>99%	0.088	0.001
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE (EDB)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002
Furadan (see CARBOFURAN)*	>99%	0.19	0.001
Giardia Lamblia (see CYST)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
HALOACETONITRILES (HAN)*			
BROMOCHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.022	0.0005
DIBROMOACETONITRILE	98%	0.024	0.0006
DICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.0096	0.0002
TRICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.015	0.0003
HALOKETONES (HK):*			
1,1-DICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	99%	0.0072	0.0001
1,1,1-TRICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	96%	0.0082	0.0003

Substance	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
HEPTACHLOR*	>99%	0.08	0.0004
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE*	98%	0.0107	0.0002
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE (Perchlorobutadiene)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE*	>99%	0.060	0.000002
LEAD (pH 6.5)	>99.99%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LEAD (pH 8.5)	>99.99%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LINDANE*	>99%	0.055	0.00001
MERCURY (pH 6.5)	>99.99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
MERCURY (pH 8.5)	>99.99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
METHOXYCHLOR*	>99%	0.050	0.0001
Methylbenzene (see TOLUENE)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
Monochlorobenzene (see CHLOROENZENE)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
MTBE (methyl tert-butyl ether)	>96.6%	0.015 +/- 20%	0.005
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs , Aroclor 1260)	>97%	0.01 +/- 10%	0.0005
PCE (see TETRACHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.081	0.001
PENTACHLOROPHENOL*	>99%	0.096	0.001
Perchlorobutadiene (see HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
Propylene Dichloride (see 1,2 -DICHLOROPROPANE)*	>99%	0.080	0.001
SIMAZINE*	>97%	0.120	0.004
Silvex (see 2,4,5-TP)*	99%	0.270	0.0016
STYRENE (Vinylbenzene)*	>99%	0.15	0.0005
1,1,1-TCA (see 1,1,1 - TRICHLOROETHANE)*	95%	0.084	0.0046
TCE (see TRICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0010
1,1,2,2- TETRACHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
TOLUENE (Methylbenzene)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
TOXAPHENE	>92.9%	0.015 +/- 10%	0.003
Toxoplasma (see CYSTS)	99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)*	99%	0.270	0.0016
TRIBROMOACETIC ACID*		0.042	0.001
1,2,4 TRICHLOROENZENE (Unsymtrichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.160	0.0005
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE (1,1,1-TCA)*	95%	0.084	0.0046
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.150	0.0005
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0010
TRIHALOMETHANES (TTHM) (Chloroform; Bromoform; Bromodichloromethane; Dibromochloromethane)	>99.8%	0.45 +/- 20%	0.080
TURBIDITY	>99%	11 +/- NTU	0.5 NTU
Unsym-Trichlorobenzene (see 1,2,4-TRICHLOROENZENE)*	>99%	0.160	0.0005
Vinylbenzene (see STYRENE)*	>99%	0.150	0.0005
XYLENES (TOTAL)*	>99%	0.070	0.001

NSF/ANSI 42 - Aesthetic Effects

The System has been tested according to NSF/ANSI Standard 42 for the reduction of the following substances. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system.

Substance	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
CHLORAMINE as Aesthetic Effect (As Monochloramine)	>98.3%	3.0 mg/L +/- 10%	0.5 mg/L
CHLORINE as Aesthetic Effect	99%	2.0 Mg/L +/- 10%	> or = 75%*
PARTICULATE, (Nominal Particulate Reduction, Class I, Particles 0.5 TO <1 UM	Class I > 99%	At Least 10,000 particles/mL	> or = 85%*

** Percent reduction reflects actual performance of Multi-Pure product as specifically tested (at 200% of capacity). Percent reduction shown for VOCs* reflects the allowable claims for Volatile Organic Chemicals/Compounds as per Tables. Chloroform was used as a surrogate for VOC reduction claims; the Multi-Pure Systems actual reduction rate of Chloroform was >99.8% as tested (at 200% capacity).

NSF/ANSI 58 - Reverse Osmosis

The System has been tested according to NSF/ANSI Standard 58 for the reduction of the following substances. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system, as specified in NSF/ANSI 58.

Substance	Percent Reduction	Influent Challenge (mg/L unless specified)	Maximum Permissible Product Water mg/L
Arsenic V (pentavalent As (V); As(+5); arsenate)	98.4%	0.30 +/- 10%	0.010
Barium	97.9%	10.0 +/- 10%	2.0
Cadmium	98.6%	0.03 +/- 10%	0.005
Chromium, Hexavalent	91.3%	0.3 +/- 10%	0.1
Chromium, Trivalent	94.1%	0.3 +/- 10%	0.1
Copper	99.0%	3.0 +/- 10%	1.3
Cyst (Giardia, Cryptosporidium, Entamoeba, Toxoplasma)	99.99%	50,000 mL	0.9995
Fluoride	93.9%	8.0 +/- 10%	1.5
Lead	98.6%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
Nitrate	76.54%	27.0 +/- 10%	10.0
Nitrite	82.14%	3.0 +/- 10%	1.0
Nitrate/Nitrite	82.14%	30.0 +/- 10%	10.0
Perchlorate	96.5%	010 +/- 10%	0.006
Radium 226/228	80.0%	25 pCi/L +/- 10%	5 pCi/L
Selenium	92.0%	0.10 +/- 10%	0.05
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	96.8%	750 +/- 40 mg/L	187

NOTES:

1. Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems have been certified, as indicated, by NSF International for compliance to NSF/ANSI Standard Nos. 42, 53, and 58.
2. This Multi-Pure Drinking Water System(s) have been certified by the State of California Department of Health Services for the reduction of specific contaminants listed herein.
3. Chloroform was used as a surrogate for claims of reduction of Volatile Organic Chemicals (VOC). Multi-Pure Systems tested at >99.8% actual reduction of Chloroform. Percent reduction shown herein reflects the allowable claims for VOCs as per tables in the Standard.
4. **Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the unit. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.**
5. The System may be used with municipal or well water sources that are treated and tested on a regular basis to ensure bacteriological safe quality of the water.
6. Do not allow water to freeze in the unit. If unit is exposed to freezing temperatures, drain water from unit and remove filters.
7. Do not allow water to sit in unit for extended periods of time (10 or more days) without being used. If unit is to be left unused for more than 10 days, drain all water from the system and remove the filters. Upon your return, reconnect the filters in the housing and continue use. In the event water does sit in the unit for 10 or more days, the system should be flushed by allowing water to flow to waste for about 10 minutes; then continue use as normal.
8. Multi-Pure Drinking Water System stainless steel housing is warranted for a period of 25 years; plastic housings are warranted for three years. All exterior hoses and attachments to the System are warranted for defects in material and workmanship for one year. Please see the Owner's Manual for complete product guarantee and warranty information.
9. Please see the Owner's Manual for installation instructions and operating procedures.
10. In compliance with New York law, it is recommended that before purchasing a water treatment system, NY residents have their water supply tested to determine their actual water treatment needs. Please compare the capabilities of the Multi-Pure unit with your actual water treatment needs.
11. Check for compliance with state and local laws and regulations.
12. While testing was performed under standard laboratory conditions, actual performance may vary.
13. The list of substances which the treatment device reduces does not necessarily mean that these substances are present in your tap water.
14. This system is acceptable for treatment of influent concentrations of no more than 27 mg/L nitrate and 3 mg/L nitrite in combination measured as N and is certified for nitrate/nitrite reduction only for water supplies with a pressure of 280 kPa (40 psig) or greater.
15. This system has been tested for the treatment of water containing pentavalent arsenic (also known as As(V), As(+5), or arsenate) at concentrations of 0.30 mg/L or less. This system reduces pentavalent arsenic, but may not remove other forms of arsenic. This system is to be used on water supplies containing a detectable free chlorine residual at the system inlet or on water supplies that have been demonstrated to contain only pentavalent arsenic. Treatment with chloramine (combined chlorine) is not sufficient to ensure complete conversion of trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. Please see the Arsenic Facts section of the Performance Data Sheet for further information.

Replacement Filters and Parts

Filter life will vary in proportion to the amount of water used and the level of impurities in the water being processed. Replacement filters, membrane, and parts can be purchased directly from Multi-Pure Corporation. Replacement filter model numbers are shown below. The approximate retail price of replacement filters is also shown below. Prices exclude sales tax and shipping and handling fees (*prices subject to change without notice).

To dispose of the used filter or membrane, remove it from the housing and place the old filter or membrane in your normal refuse. Carbon filters disposed of in a normal landfill will not release any chemical contamination but will probably continue to adsorb additional contaminants that are disposed of in landfills.

Description	Model No.	Recommended Change Schedule	Approximate Price*
Sediment Pre-Filter (Stage 1)	CBC110	6 months	\$5.00
5 micron Carbon Pre-Filter (Stages 2 & 3)	CBC112	6 months	\$13.00
Sub micron Carbon Post-Filter	CBTVOC	750 gallons	\$50.00
	CBN	1,100 gallons	
RO membrane	CB-ROM	2 to 3 years	\$100.00

Operation and Maintenance Specifications

Depending on water chemistry, water temperature, and water pressure, the CB Plus RO System production and performance will vary. Refer to Owner's Manual for further maintenance requirements and warranty information.

<u>Parameter</u>		<u>Comments</u>
General Use Conditions:		
Maximum Operating Temperature	100°F / 40.5°C	
Minimum Operating Temperature	40°F / 0°C	
Maximum Working Pressure	100 psi / 7.0 kg/cm ²	The operating pressure in your home should be tested over a 24 hour period to attain the maximum pressure. If it is over 100 psi then a pressure regulator will be required.
Minimum Working Pressure	40 psi / 2.8 kg/cm ²	
pH parameters	3 pH to 11 pH	
Iron	0.2 ppm maximum	
TDS (total dissolved solids)	< 1800 ppm	
Turbidity	< 5 NTU	
Hardness	< 10 grains per gallon / 171 mg/L of hardness as CaCO ₃	System will operate with hardness over 10 grains, but the membrane life may be shortened.
Specifications:		
Average influent TDS	765 mg/L	
Average effluent TDS	23 mg/L	
Daily Production Rate (DPR)	17.32 gpd	Gallons produced per day
Efficiency Rating	8.91%	Efficiency rating means the percentage of the influent water to the system that is available to the user as reverse osmosis treated water under operating conditions that approximate typical daily usage.
Recovery Rating	16.34%	Recovery rating means the percentage of the influent water to the membrane portion of the system that is available to the user as reverse osmosis treated water when the system is operated without a storage tank or when the storage tank is bypassed.
Capacity of Tank	3 gallons	
Approximate Flow Rate @ 60 psi	0.50 gpm	

Note: This Performance Data Sheet addresses the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Regulations in effect at its time of publication, as they related to Multi-Pure's performance in conformance to the industry performance criteria. These regulations are continually being updated at the Federal level. Accordingly, this list of MCLs will be reviewed and amended when appropriate. Please see sales brochure for list of product certifications.

Facts About Arsenic (in compliance with NSF Standard 53)

Arsenic (abbreviated As) is a naturally occurring contaminant found in many ground waters. Arsenic in water has no color, taste or odor. It must be measured by a lab test. Public water utilities must have their water tested for arsenic. You can get the results from your water utility. If you have your own well, you can have the water tested. The local health department or the state environmental health agency can provide a list of certified labs. The cost is typically \$15 to \$30. Information about arsenic in water can be found on the Internet at the US Environmental Protection Agency website: www.epa.gov/safewater/arsenic.html.

There are two forms of arsenic: pentavalent arsenic (also called As(V), As(+5), and arsenate) and trivalent arsenic (also called As(III), As(+3), and arsenite). In well water, arsenic may be pentavalent, trivalent, or a combination of both. Special sampling procedures are needed for a lab to determine what type and how much of each type of arsenic is in the water. Check with the labs in your area to see if they can provide this type of service.

Specially formulated Carbon Block systems are very effective at removing pentavalent arsenic. A free chlorine residual will rapidly convert trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. Other water treatment chemicals such as ozone and potassium permanganate will also change trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. A combined chlorine residual (also called chloramine) may not convert all the trivalent arsenic. If you get your water from a public water utility, contact the utility to find out if free chlorine or combined chlorine is used in the water system.

The Multi-Pure CB-As Models are designed to remove only pentavalent arsenic. It will not convert trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. The system may remove some trivalent arsenic, however, it has not been evaluated for its ability to remove trivalent arsenic. The system was tested in a laboratory to remove pentavalent arsenic. Under lab conditions, as defined in ANSI/NSF Standard 53, the system reduced 0.30 mg/L (ppm) pentavalent arsenic to 0.010 mg/L (ppm) (the USEPA standard for drinking water) or less. The performance of the system may be different at your installation. Have the treated water tested for arsenic to check if the system is working properly.

The Carbon Block filter component of the Multi-Pure CB-As system must be replaced as indicated in the Owner's Manual to ensure the system will continue to remove arsenic and other contaminants. The component identification and locations where you can purchase the component are listed in the installation/operation manual.

**California Department of Health Services
Certification / Registration**

State of California
Department of Health Services
Water Treatment Device
Certificate Number
04 - 1629
Date Issued: September 23, 2004

Trademark/Model Designation	Replacement Element(s)
CBT Plus RO	CBTVOC CBT110 CBT112 CB ROM
Manufacturer: Multi Pure Corporation	
The water treatment device(s) listed on this certificate have met the testing requirements pursuant to Section 116839 of the Health and Safety Code for the following health related contaminants:	
Microbiological Contaminants and Turbidity	Inorganic/Redoxical Contaminants
Cysts (protozoan) Turbidity	Arsenic Asbestos Barium Cadmium Chromium (hexavalent) Chromium (trivalent) Copper Fluoride Lead Manganese Nitrate-Nitrite ¹ Radium 226/228 Selenium
Organic Contaminants	
Chloroform MTHH PCBs Tetrahydrocannabinol VOCs	
Atrazine Atrazine Benzene Carbofuran Carbon Tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroform 2,4-D DDE o-Dichlorobenzene p-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene Dinoseb	Endrin Ethionazine DIB Halooxycarbonyl (HAN) Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Dibromocyclopentadiene Dichloroacetonitrile Trichloroacetonitrile Haloketones (HK) 1,1-Dichloro-2-Propanone 1,1,1-Trichloro-2-Propanone Brychtholol Dieldrin (DDE) Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Lindane Methoxychlor Pentachlorobenzene
	Sulfazine Styrene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Toluene 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) ² Trifluoroacetic Acid 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trihalomethanes (THMs) Bromochloromethane Bromoform Chloroform Chlorodibromomethane Xylenes
Rated Service Capacity: 750 gallons	Rated Service Flow: 0.5 gpm
Do not use where water is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality, except that systems claiming cyst reduction may be used on water containing cysts.	
¹ Claims for arsenic reduction shall only be made on water supplies maintaining detectable residual free chlorine at the reverse osmosis (RO) system inlet. Water systems using an in-line chlorinator should provide a minimum of 1 minute chlorine contact time before the RO system.	
² This system is acceptable for treatment of influent concentrations of no more than 27 mg/L nitrate and 3 mg/L nitrite in combination measured as N and is certified for nitrate/nitrite reduction only for water supplies with a pressure of 250 kPa (40 psig) or greater. A sampling and analysis test kit for nitrate is provided for checking the performance of this system. Frequent analysis is encouraged.	

State of California
Department of Health Services
Water Treatment Device
Certificate Number
04 - 1630
Date Issued: September 23, 2004

Trademark/Model Designation	Replacement Element(s)
CBN Plus RO	CBN CBT110 CBT112 CB ROM
Manufacturer: Multi Pure Corporation	
The water treatment device(s) listed on this certificate have met the testing requirements pursuant to Section 116839 of the Health and Safety Code for the following health related contaminants:	
Microbiological Contaminants and Turbidity	Inorganic/Redoxical Contaminants
Cysts (protozoan) Turbidity	Arsenic Asbestos Barium Cadmium Chromium (hexavalent) Chromium (trivalent) Copper Fluoride Lead Manganese Nitrate-Nitrite ¹ Radium 226/228 Selenium
Organic Contaminants	
Chloroform MTHH PCBs Tetrahydrocannabinol VOCs	
Atrazine Atrazine Benzene Carbofuran Carbon Tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroform 2,4-D DDE o-Dichlorobenzene p-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene Dinoseb	Endrin Ethionazine DIB Halooxycarbonyl (HAN) Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Dibromocyclopentadiene Dichloroacetonitrile Trichloroacetonitrile Haloketones (HK) 1,1-Dichloro-2-Propanone 1,1,1-Trichloro-2-Propanone Brychtholol Dieldrin (DDE) Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Lindane Methoxychlor Pentachlorobenzene
	Sulfazine Styrene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Toluene 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) ² Trifluoroacetic Acid 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trihalomethanes (THMs) Bromochloromethane Bromoform Chloroform Chlorodibromomethane Xylenes
Rated Service Capacity: 750 gallons	Rated Service Flow: 0.5 gpm
Do not use where water is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality, except that systems claiming cyst reduction may be used on water containing cysts.	
¹ Claims for arsenic reduction shall only be made on water supplies maintaining detectable residual free chlorine at the reverse osmosis (RO) system inlet. Water systems using an in-line chlorinator should provide a minimum of 1 minute chlorine contact time before the RO system.	
² This system is acceptable for treatment of influent concentrations of no more than 27 mg/L nitrate and 3 mg/L nitrite in combination measured as N and is certified for nitrate/nitrite reduction only for water supplies with a pressure of 250 kPa (40 psig) or greater. A sampling and analysis test kit for nitrate is provided for checking the performance of this system. Frequent analysis is encouraged.	



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